

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 6162

As of April 23, 2009

Title: An act relating to criminal justice.

Brief Description: Relating to criminal justice.

Sponsors: Senator Prentice.

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Ways & Means:

SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS

Staff: Shani Bauer (786-7468)

Background: Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5288 eliminates supervision for most offenders who are classified at a low or moderate risk to reoffend. Certain offenders are supervised regardless of their risk to reoffend including sex offenders, dangerously mentally ill offenders, offenders who have an indeterminate sentence and are subject to parole, offenders who received an alternative sentence, or offenders who are required to be supervised under the Interstate Compact.

A serious violent offense is defined as:

- Murder in the first degree;
- Homicide by abuse;
- Murder in the second degree;
- Manslaughter in the first degree;
- Assault in the first degree;
- Kidnapping in the first degree;
- Rape in the first degree;
- Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or
- Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Summary of Bill: Offenders who have a current conviction for a serious violent offense must be supervised by the Department of Corrections regardless of the offender's risk to reoffend.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on April 23, 2009.

Committee/Commission/Task Force Created: No.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause. Section 1 takes effect immediately. Section 2 takes effect August 1, 2009.